What is claimed:

1. A method of determining if a subject is at risk for prostate cancer recurrence, the method comprising:

providing a sample from a subject; and determining PSMA expression levels in the sample,

wherein increased PSMA expression levels relative to a reference standard are indicative of a risk of prostate cancer recurrence, to thereby determine if the subject is at risk of prostate cancer recurrence.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the subject is diagnosed with prostate cancer.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the increased PSMA levels are increased relative to a reference standard.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the reference standard is PSMA expression levels in a control subject diagnosed with prostate cancer.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is a fluid sample from the subject.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the fluid is selected from the group consisting of serum, semen, and urine.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is a tissue sample from the subject.
- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the tissue sample is a biopsy sample.
- 9. The method of claim 7, wherein the tissue sample is a sample from a prostatic or cancerous lesion.
- 10. The method of claim 7, wherein the tissue is obtained from a partial or radical prostatectomy of the subject.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the risk of recurrence is determined upon diagnosis of prostate cancer.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein the risk of recurrence is determined after the subject is diagnosed with prostate cancer.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the risk of recurrence is determined after the subject has been treated with an anti-cancer treatment.

- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the anti-cancer treatment is a radical or partial prostatectomy.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein PSMA expression levels are determined by determining the PSMA protein levels in a sample.
- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein PSMA protein levels are determined by a method selected from the group consisting of an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), a radioimmunoassay (RIA), a Western blot, or an immunohistochemical assay (IHC).
- 17. The method of claim 1, wherein PSMA expression levels are determined by determining the PSMA nucleic acid levels in a sample.
- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein PSMA nucleic acid levels are determined by a method selected from the group consisting of Northern blotting, RT-PCR, and biochip-based methods.
- 19. The method of claim 1, further comprising selecting a treatment for a subject at risk for recurrence.
- 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the treatment is selected from the group consisting of surgical treatment, radiation therapy, chemotherapy, antibody therapy, and hormonal therapy.
- 21. The method of claim 20, wherein the treatment is a surgical treatment selected from the group consisting of partial prostatectomy and radical prostatectomy.
- 22. The method of claim 20, wherein the treatment is radiation therapy.
- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein the radiation therapy is selected from the group consisting of external-beam therapy; interstitial radiation therapy; and a combination of external-beam therapy and interstitial radiation therapy.
- 24. The method of claim 20, wherein the treatment is antibody therapy.
- 25. The method of claim 24, wherein the antibody therapy comprises administration of a labeled or unlabeled antibody.
- 26. The method of claim 24, wherein the antibody therapy comprises administration of an anti PSMA antibody that binds the extracellular domain of PSMA.
- 27. The method of claim 20, wherein the treatment is hormonal therapy.
- 28. The method of claim 19, comprising selecting at least two treatments for the subject.

- 29. The method of claim 28, wherein the two treatments are
 - a. surgery, cryotherapy, or radiation, and
 - b. chemotherapy; antibody therapy or hormonal therapy.
- 30. The method of claim 28, wherein the subject has prostate cancer, and the treatments are:
 - a. a partial or radical prostatectomy, and
 - b. one or more of: chemotherapy, radiation therapy, hormone therapy, or antibody therapy.
- 31. The method of claim 30, wherein the treatments are:
 - a. a partial or radical prostatectomy, and
 - b. antibody therapy.
- 32. The method of claim 31, wherein the antibody therapy is administration of an antibody that binds the extracellular domain of PSMA.
- 33. The method of claim 1, wherein a subject that does not have a higher level of expression is assigned a value of 40% or less risk of recurrence.
- 34. The method of claim 1, wherein a subject that does not have a higher level of expression is assigned a value of 30% or less risk of recurrence.
- 35. The method of claim 1, further comprising selecting a treatment for the subject wherein the risk of recurrence is low.
- 36. The method of claim 35, wherein the treatment selected is one or more of: surgery, cryotherapy or radiation therapy.
- 37. The method of claim 35, wherein the risk of recurrence is less than 40%.
- 38. The method of claim 35, wherein the risk of recurrence is less than 30%.
- 39. The method of claim 36, wherein the surgery is a partial or radical prostatectomy.
- 40. The method of claim 1, comprising:

determining PSMA expression levels in a plurality of subjects, wherein increased PSMA expression levels are indicative of a risk of cancer recurrence; and selecting a subset of the plurality of subjects having increased expression levels for administration of an anti-cancer treatment.